

Auctioning

German Auctioning of Emission Allowances Periodical Report: November 2015

> Umwelt 🎲 Bundesamt



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Content

G	erma	an Auctioning of Emission Allowances	4
1	0v	erview	4
	1.1	November 2015	4
	1.2	Overview of the entire year 2015	5
2	Bio	Ider Participation	6
	2.1	Participation	6
	2.2	Volume Demand	6
3	Au	ctions and the Secondary Market	8
	3.1	Trading Volume EUA	8
	3.2	Trading Volume EUAA	9
	3.3	Clearing Prices and Price Development on the Secondary Market	LO
4	Im	plementation of Valid Regulations	l 2
	4.1	Surveillance Report by HÜSt	12
	4.2	Fair and Open Access	12
	4.3	Auction Result Publication	L3
	4.4	Other Events	13

German Auctioning of Emission Allowances

The German auctions of the third trading period are held weekly on the European Energy Exchange (EEX) spot market. The German Emissions Trading Authority (DEHSt) at the German Environment Agency is the competent authority for the German auctions. Further updated information on the third trading period auctions can be downloaded from the <u>EEX website</u>. Reports on the second and third trading period auction results are available on the <u>DEHSt auction website</u>. The <u>2015</u> and <u>2016</u> auction calendars are published on the EEX website.

The following tables summarise the key data of the German auctions on the EEX in 2015 and 2016:

	2015							
Auction product	Third trading period EUA spot contracts	Third trading period EUAA spot contracts						
Period	09/01/2015 to 11/12/2015	25/02/2015 and 07/10/2015						
Auction volume entire year	143,893,500 EUA	2,229,000 EUAA						
Auction volume per auction	3.198 million EUA (1.599 million EUA in August; 3.1815 million EUA on 11/12/2015)	1.4475 million EUAA on 25/02/2015 0.7815 million EUAA on 07/10/2015						
Auction frequency	Weekly (Fridays, 09:00 to 11:00 a.m. CET)	On 25/02/2015 and 07/10/2015 (09:00 to 11:00 a.m. CET)						
Bid volume	500 EUA/EUAA Single-round, uniform-price procedure with a closed order book							
Auction mode								

	2016							
Auction product	Third trading period EUA spot contracts	Third trading period EUAA spot contracts						
Period	15/01/2016 to 16/12/2016	13/04/2016						
Auction volume entire year	160,770,500 EUA	857,500 EUAA						
Auction volume per auction	3.495 million EUA (1.7475 million EUA in August)	857,500 EUAA on 13/04/2016						
Auction frequency	Weekly (Fridays, 09:00 to 11:00 a.m. CET)	On 13/04/2016 (09:00 to 11:00 a.m. CET)						
Bid volume	500 EUA/EUAA							
Auction mode	Single-round, uniform-price procedure with a closed order book							

1 Overview

1.1 November 2015

In November, four auctions of emission allowances (EUA) of the third trading period were carried out for Germany at the EEX.

Overall **12,792,000 EUA** with a total value of **€108,476,160** were auctioned. This results in a volume-weighted average price per allowance of **€8.48** (+1.6 percent compared to the previous month). Thus, this was the highest monthly average price since February 2012. The deviations of the clearing prices from the current prices on the lead market fluctuated between -0.12 and +0.47 percent (see also Section 3.3).

Overall, valid bids totaling about 32 million allowances were entered into trading system across the five EUAauction dates. Thus the average cover ratio in the reporting period was 2.53 (see also Section 2.2). The average participation number of 19 bidders was slightly below the level of the previous month (20). The average number of successful bidders was however above the previous month level at 15 (13), (see also Section 2.1).

The following table gives an overview of the most important auction figures from the EUA-auctions performed during the reporting period.

Date	Auction volume	Bid volume	Cover ratio	Bidders	Suc- cessful bidders	Price	Revenue
06/11/2015	3,198,000	6,492,000	2.03	19	17	€8.45	€27,023,100
13/11/2015	3,198,000	7,705,000	2.41	20	15	€8.34	€26,671,320
20/11/2015	3,198,000	7,887,000	2.47	17	12	€8.59	€27,470,820
27/11/2015	3,198,000	10,234,500	3.20	18	15	€8.54	€27,310,920
November	12,792,000	32,318,500	*2.53	*19	*15	*€8.48	€108,476,160

Table 1:	Overview of Germa	n EUA austions in	November 2015
	Overview of Germa	II LUA-auctions II	I NOVEIIIDEI 2015

Source: EEX, DEHSt * Average

1.2 Overview of the entire year 2015

In the first eleven month of the current year a total of **139,743,000 EUA and EUAA** with a total value of **€1,057,416,930** were auctioned at the EEX for Germany. This results in a volume-weighted average price per allowance of **€7.57**. These overall figures are subdivided into 137,514,000 EUA with a total value of **€1,040,549,250** (average price **€7.57**) and 2,229,000 EUAA with a total value of **€16,867,680** (average price **€7.57**).

The amount of emission allowances to be auctioned by Germany in 2015 totals **143,893,500 EUA and 2,229,000 EUAA**. Taking into account the total annual amount, around 96 percent of the EUA-auction budget and 100 percent of the EUAA-auction budget for 2015 has been auctioned to date.

The following table summarises the auction results on a monthly basis.

Month	Туре	Auction volume	Bid volume	Cover ratio	Bid- ders	Suc- cessful bidders	Price	Revenue
January	EUA	12,792,000	47,570,500	*3.72	*18	*13	*€6.88	€88,040,940
February	EUA	12,792,000	43,920,000	*3.44	*18	*15	*€7.12	€91,015,080
February	EUAA	1,447,500	4,001,500	2.76	9	6	€7.35	€10,639,125
March	EUA	12,792,000	32,693,000	*2.56	*19	*15	*€6.64	€84,938,880
April	EUA	9,594,000	20,927,500	*2.18	*17	*13	*€7.02	€67,349,880
May	EUA	12,792,000	39,677,500	*3.10	*17	*12	*€7.35	€93,957,240
June	EUA	12,792,000	29,310,000	*2.29	*15	*11	*€7.46	€95,396,340
July	EUA	15,990,000	34,595,000	*2.16	*14	*12	*€7.67	€122,707,260
August	EUA	6,396,000	19,390,500	*3.03	*13	*9	*€8.07	€51,631,710
September	EUA	12,792,000	37,937,500	*2.97	*17	*14	*€8.10	€103,551,240
Ostobor	EUA	15,990,000	57,524,000	*3.60	*20	*13	*€8.35	€133,484,520
October	EUAA	781,500	3,664,000	4.69	14	5	€7.97	€6,228,555
November	EUA	12,792,000	32,318,500	*2.53	*19	*15	*€8.48	€108,476,160

Table 2:Overview of the entire year 2015

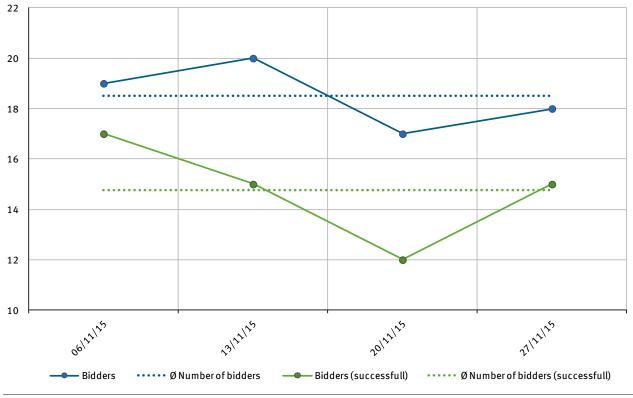
EUA	137,514,000	395,864,000	**2.88	*17	*13	**€7.57	€1,040,549,250
EUAA	2,229,000	7,665,500	**3.44	*12	*6	**€7.57	€16,867,680
Total	139,743,000	403,529,500	**2.89	*17	*13	**€7.57	€1,057,416,930

Source: EEX, DEHSt * Average ** Volume-weighted average t

2 Bidder Participation

2.1 Participation

The number of participants in the German EUA-auctions in November averaged across all dates was 19 bidders. The average number of successful bidders was 15. Participation in the auctions fluctuated between 17 and 20 bidders during the reporting period. The number of successful participants ranged from 12 to 17. There was no such auction where all participating bidders were successful. The following figure illustrates EUA-auction participation over time.



Source: EEX, DEHSt

Figure 1: Number of participating and successful bidders per auction date (EUA)

2.2 Volume Demand

During the reporting period, the aggregated bid volumes per EUA-auction date fluctuated from 6.5 to 10.2 million allowances. Overall, valid bids totaling about 32 million allowances were entered into trading system in November. The resulting cover ratios during the reporting period ranged between 2.03 and 3.20 (2.53 on average). The figure below summarises the results of each auction date.

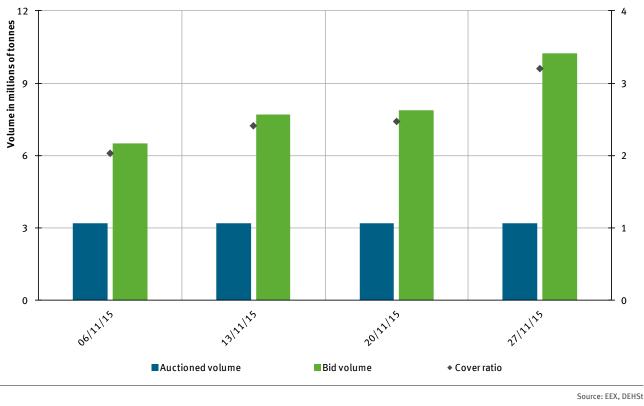


Figure 2: Auctioned and bid volume and cover ratio (secondary axis) for each auction date (EUA)

Thus, the average bid volume per EUA-auction participant in November was about 440,000 allowances. The average volume awarded to each successful bidder was about 220,000 allowances.

Awarding allowances at all auctions is based on the EU-wide applicable uniform price procedure with one prescribed round of bidding (also see Info box below).

Info Box: Uniform Price Auction at the EEX

The auctions at the EEX follow the uniform price procedure which is common practice throughout the European Union. It involves one round of bidding and a closed order book. This simple and robust procedure protects against market manipulation and was used already for German auctions during the second trading period. The uniform price procedure means that all successful bidders pay the same price. The auction clearing price is determined by ranking all eligible bids, beginning with the highest bid, according to the bidding price.

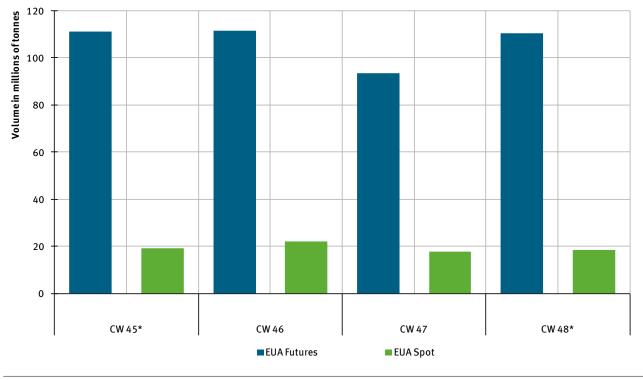
In the event of equal bids, the bids are sorted by a random process. The bid volumes are aggregated starting with the highest bid until the volume of emission allowances on offer (e.g. 3.198 million EUA) is reached. The bid price at which the aggregate volume of bids reaches or exceeds the offered volume of auctioned allowances determines the auction clearing price.

Bidders will thus be awarded their bid volume if their bidding price at least matches the auction clearing price. If a bid matches the clearing price exactly, the bidder may be awarded the remaining allowances which may be below the volume requested, depending on the bidding situation. If the bid from several participants matches the auction clearing price exactly, the above-mentioned random process applies.

3 Auctions and the Secondary Market

3.1 Trading Volume EUA

In November 2015, a total of about 13 million EUA were auctioned at the EEX for Germany. During the reporting period, the cumulative trading volume in the relevant total market was about 537 million EUA.¹ Thus, the total market trading volume was 4 percent above the level of the previous month. This market volume was divided into approximately 82 million allowances which were completed as contracts for immediate delivery (spot) and about 455 million allowances for delivery in the future (futures). Thus, about 85 percent of the traded volume was handled on the dominant futures market. The figure below illustrates the trading volumes separately for spot and futures segments based on calendar weeks (CW).



Source: ICE, EEX, CME, Nasdaq OMX, Thomson Reuters, DEHSt

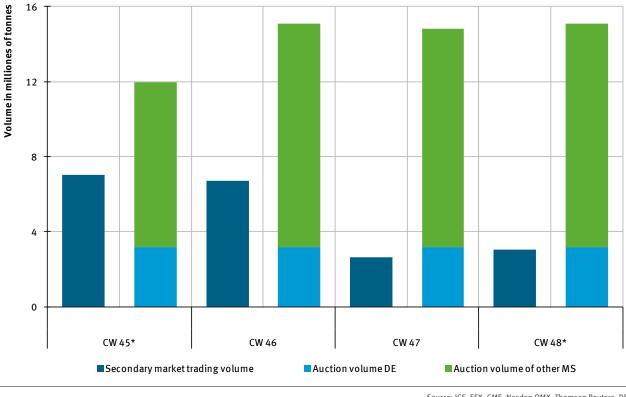
* CW45: 02/11/2015-06/11/2015; CW48: 23/11/2015-27/11/2015

Figure 3: Trading volumes differentiated by spot and futures in November 2015 (EUA)

In November 2015, a total of about 60 million allowances were auctioned by Member States on the primary market as spot contracts. On the spot secondary market about 22 million allowances were traded. This means that around 73 percent of traded spot contracts have been purchased in primary market auctions. With respect to the relevant total market for EUA, around 11 percent of the traded volume was related to auctions.

Figure 4 shows the trading volume in the spot secondary market and the auction volumes on the primary market per calendar week (CW). In addition to the German auctions, aggregated auction volumes of other EU Member States are also included in the figure.

¹ All emission allowances (EUA) of the third trading period traded on the spot and futures markets on the ICE/ECX, CME/ NYMEX, EEX and Nasdaq OMX exchanges are considered. Transactions completed directly on the stock exchange (screen traded) or those bilateral transactions that at least used the stock exchange clearing mechanism are included. The EUA spot contracts auctioned in November 2015 are also considered. Option contracts are not involved.



Source: ICE, EEX, CME, Nasdaq OMX, Thomson Reuters, DEHSt DE = Germany, MS = EU Member State * CW45: 02/11/2015-06/11/2015; CW48: 23/11/2015-27/11/2015

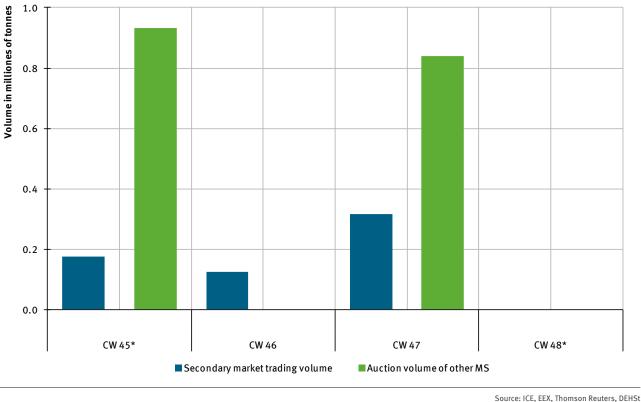
Figure 4: Trading volume on the secondary market (spot) and volume of auctions conducted in November 2015 (EUA)

3.2 Trading Volume EUAA

In November 2015, a total of about 0.77 million aviation allowances (EUAA)² were traded on the secondary market. During the reporting period, a total of about 1.8 million EUAA were auctioned by the EU Member States on the primary market as spot contracts.

Further information on the EUAA auction calendars is available on the website of the <u>European Commission</u>. Figure 5 shows the trading volume in the secondary market and the auction volumes on the primary market per calendar week (CW).

² All aviation allowances (EUAA) of the third trading period traded on the spot and futures markets on the ICE/ECX and EEX exchanges are considered. Transactions completed directly on the stock exchange (screen traded) or those bilateral transactions that at least used the stock exchange clearing mechanism are included.



Source: ICE, EEX, Thomson Reuters, DEHSt MS = EU Member State * CW45: 02/11/2015-06/11/2015; CW48: 23/11/2015-27/11/2015

Figure 5: Trading volume on the secondary market and volume of auctions conducted in November 2015 (EUAA)

3.3 Clearing Prices and Price Development on the Secondary Market

Reference prices from the most liquid trading venues served as appropriate benchmarks for evaluating the auction clearing prices achieved on the EUA-spot auctions. The reference contract for the auctions is the daily futures traded on the London ICE, whose product specifications are comparable with the spot-product of the auctions. The trade price immediately before the end of the bidding period was used as a reference price. If no trades take place immediately before the end of the bidding period, the last best bid was used as a reference price (see also Info box below).

Info Box: Reference Prices

In regular exchange trading (secondary trading), participants enter their buying and selling requests (bids and asks) into an order book which is constantly updated. As in auctions, such buying bids in secondary trading include quantity and price limits. The price limit is the highest price a buyer is prepared to pay for the purchase of an allowance. Sellers can also put a price limit on their bid, i.e. a minimum price per allowance sold.

The order book is open to inspection by any participant. It shows the current highest purchase offer (best bid) and the lowest sales offer (best ask) with the relevant quantities. Trading occurs where best bid and best ask overlap. Trading price records finally show the price limits where supply equals demand.

Table 3 shows the relative deviations of the clearing price from the London lead market. The deviation on each auction date just before the end of the bidding period (11 a.m. CET) varied over the reporting period between - \in 0.01 (-0.12 percent) and + \notin 0.04 (+0.47 percent).

For a mean value analysis, the arithmetic mean of the absolute values of individual deviations over the reporting period is calculated. The average deviation from the last best bid was $\in 0.01$ or 0.15 percent averaged over all dates.

Dete	Contract		Deviation from ICE Daily Future			
Date	Contract	Clearing price	Absolute	%		
06/11/2015	EUA Spot 3 rd TP	€8.45	*€-0.01	*-0.12%		
13/11/2015	EUA Spot 3rd TP	€8.34	€0.00	0.00%		
20/11/2015	EUA Spot 3rd TP	€8.59	*€0.00	*0.00%		
27/11/2015	EUA Spot 3rd TP	€8.54	*€0.04	*0.47%		
Mean absolute deviati	€0.01	0.15%				

Table 3: Auctions and deviations from secondary market prices in November 2015 (EUA)

Source: ICE, EEX, Thomson Reuters, DEHSt * best bid ICE Daily Future

The following figure shows an overview of the price development for emission allowances in the London lead market. In addition to the daily futures the development of futures for December delivery of the current year is also shown (so-called "front-december future"). Rather than following the common practice of considering only settlement prices, our analysis takes into account all trades completed at the exchanges during the reporting period.³ The following graphic is based on volume-weighted average trading prices (VWAP), which fluctuated in an interval between around $\in 8.35$ to $\in 8.65^4$ in November 2015.

³ Settlement prices are determined by the exchanges at the end of the trading day. Hence, they only reflect trade activity immediately before closure of the exchange and are, thus, not always an adequate reflection of the prevailing intra-day prices in the secondary market.

⁴ The volume-weighted average price (VWAP) for the ICE EUA Dec15 futures is <u>published</u> on a daily basis by the ICE. The VWAP for the ICE daily future contract is based on the calculations of Thomson Reuters.

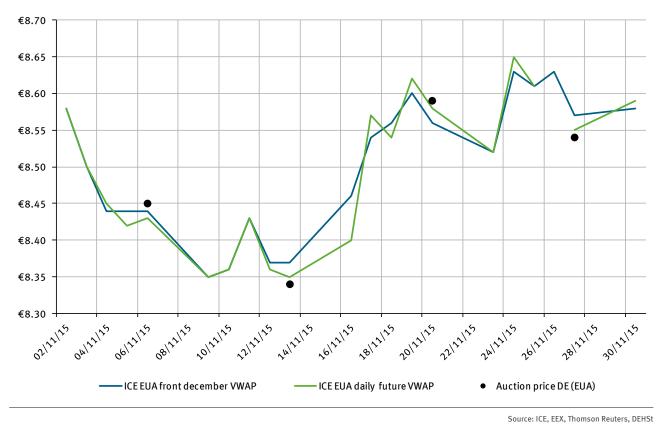


Figure 6: ICE secondary market prices and EEX auction clearing prices (EUA)

4 Implementation of Valid Regulations

4.1 Surveillance Report by HÜSt

In order to guarantee above-board market activities are free of manipulation on the EEX continuous surveillance is conducted by an independent Market Surveillance Office (Handelsüberwachungsstelle, HÜSt) as required under German law. HÜSt reports to the DEHSt on the results of its surveillance activities through regular internal reports. HÜSt reported on auctions in November 2015 as follows (excerpt):

"Within their surveillance for the auctioning of emission allowances on behalf of the German Environment Agency at the EEX in November 2015 the Market Surveillance Office of the EEX could not detect any irregularities and especially no behaviour of bidders that was targeted at manipulating the auction price."

4.2 Fair and Open Access

The implementation of the provisions of the EU Auctioning Regulation guarantees a fair and open access for all auction participants at EEX. Current access options can be found at <u>EEX Website (Access)</u>.

More information about the auction process is also available on the EEX auction hotline. EEX can be reached by phone from Mondays to Fridays from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. CET at +49 341 2156-331 or by email at <u>auctions@</u> <u>eex.com</u>.

4.3 Auction Result Publication

All auction results and accompanying data were made publicly available during the reporting period within a 15-minute time window directly linked to the respective auction at <u>EEX Website (2015 auction results)</u>.

4.4 Other Events

There are no matters relating to the implementation of the existing rules to be reported during the reporting period. The current regulations can be downloaded from <u>EEX Website (Regulations)</u>.

German Emissions Trading Authority (DEHSt) at the German Environment Agency Bismarckplatz 1 D-14193 Berlin